Social Security Program

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when earnings stop or are reduced because the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker's retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker's level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker's benefit. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 65 (reduced benefits at 62) or to disabled workers at any age. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, a disability, or child care requirement.

Nationally, in December 2001 benefits were paid to 45,874,040 persons. This number included 28,841,850 retired workers, 5,024,520 widows and widowers, 5,265,190 disabled workers, 2,895,150 wives and husbands, and 3,847,330 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.7 percent of the total population and 91.2 percent of the population 65 or older.

Monthly benefits averaged \$874 for retired workers; \$820 for all widows and widowers (\$841 for nondisabled widows and widowers); \$815 for disabled workers; and \$430 for wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers. Average payments for children of deceased workers were \$570; for children of retired workers, \$414; and for children of disabled workers, \$239.

Monthly payments for December 2001 totaled \$36.5 billion. Of this amount, \$26.6 billion was paid to retired workers and their dependents; \$5.2 billion to survivors; and \$4.7 billion to disabled workers and their dependents. Average benefits and total monthly payments include the 2.6 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2001.

In **Delaware**, benefits were paid to 137,170 persons. This number included 89,140 retired workers; 13,710 widows and widowers; 16,010 disabled workers; 7,520 wives and husbands; and 10,790 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 16.9 percent of the total population of the state and 92.9 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Delaware received an average of \$913 per month; widows and widowers, \$882; disabled workers, \$843; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$473. Average payments for children were: \$423 for children of retired workers; \$611 for children of deceased workers; and \$258 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly payments in December 2001 totaled \$115 million. Of this amount, \$86 million was paid to retired workers and their dependents; \$15 million to survivors; and \$15 million to disabled workers and their dependents.

Supplemental Security Income Program

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2002, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$545, and for a couple, \$817.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2001, 6,688,489 persons received federally administered SSI payments

including 1,264,463 aged, and 5,424,026 who were disabled or blind. A total of 1,995,159 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,811,494 were 18 to 64, and 881,836 were under age 18.

The total number of persons receiving either a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 50,172,400. Federally administered payments totaled over \$2.8 billion in December 2001: \$2.5 billion in federal SSI payments, and \$302 million in state supplements. The average federally administered payment was \$394. The aged averaged \$314; disabled and blind, \$413.

In addition, 689,163 persons in 30 states received state-administered payments in December 2001, which totaled \$75 million.

In **Delaware**, 12,197 persons—1,323 aged, and 10,874 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2001. A total of 2,405 recipients were aged 65 or older, 7,136 between 18 and 64, and 2,656 under 18.

Federally administered SSI payments totaled \$4.8 million, of which \$4.7 million was federal SSI and \$85,885, state supplementation. The average federally administered payment was \$362 overall, \$226 for aged recipients, and \$379 for those disabled and blind.

In December 2001, the total number of persons in Delaware receiving either a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 145,218.

Social Security Earnings and Employment

Nationally, in 1999, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 151.4 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance or OASDI) program. They earned \$3.7 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$464 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI Trust Funds.

In **Delaware** in 1999, an estimated 482,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$12.72 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$1.58 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare Earnings and Employment

Nationally, in 1999, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 154.7 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance or HI) program. They earned \$4.6 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$134 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI Trust Fund.

In **Delaware** in 1999, an estimated 486,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$14.53 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$421 million in Medicare taxes.



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Social Security Program

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when earnings stop or are reduced because the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker's retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker's level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker's benefit. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 65 (reduced benefits at 62) or to disabled workers at any age. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, a disability, or child care requirement.

Nationally, in December 2001 benefits were paid to 45,874,040 persons. This number included 28,841,850 retired workers, 5,024,520 widows and widowers, 5,265,190 disabled workers, 2,895,150 wives and husbands, and 3,847,330 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.7 percent of the total population and 91.2 percent of the population 65 or older.

Monthly benefits averaged \$874 for retired workers; \$820 for all widows and widowers (\$841 for nondisabled widows and widowers); \$815 for disabled workers; and \$430 for wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers. Average payments for children of deceased workers were \$570; for children of retired workers, \$414; and for children of disabled workers, \$239.

Monthly payments for December 2001 totaled \$36.5 billion. Of this amount, \$26.6 billion was paid to retired workers and their dependents; \$5.2 billion to survivors; and \$4.7 billion to disabled workers and their dependents. Average benefits and total monthly payments include the 2.6 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2001.

In the **District of Columbia**, benefits were paid to 73,390 persons. This number included 48,090 retired workers; 7,440 widows and widowers; 8,560 disabled workers; 2,820 wives and husbands; and 6,480 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 12.8 percent of the total population of the state and 78.6 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in the District of Columbia received an average of \$741 per month; widows and widowers, \$685; disabled workers, \$760; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$384. Average payments for children were: \$351 for children of retired workers; \$445 for children of deceased workers; and \$230 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly payments in December 2001 totaled \$51 million. Of this amount, \$37 million was paid to retired workers and their dependents; \$7 million to survivors; and \$7 million to disabled workers and their dependents.

Supplemental Security Income Program

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2002, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$545, and for a couple, \$817.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2001, 6,688,489 persons received federally administered SSI payments including 1,264,463 aged, and 5,424,026 who were disabled or blind. A total of 1,995,159 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,811,494 were 18 to 64, and 881,836 were under age 18.

The total number of persons receiving either a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 50,172,400. Federally administered payments totaled over \$2.8 billion in December 2001: \$2.5 billion in federal SSI payments, and \$302 million in state supplements. The average federally administered payment was \$394. The aged averaged \$314; disabled and blind, \$413.

In addition, 689,163 persons in 30 states received state-administered payments in December 2001, which totaled \$75 million.

In the **District of Columbia**, 19,973 persons—2,356 aged, and 17,617 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2001. A total of 4,726 recipients were aged 65 or older, 11,833 between 18 and 64, and 3,414 under 18.

Federally administered SSI payments totaled \$8.6 million, of which \$8.3 million was federal SSI and \$304,222, state supplementation. The average federally administered payment was \$395 overall, \$246 for aged recipients, and \$415 for those disabled and blind.

In December 2001, the total number of persons in the District of Columbia receiving either a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 87,907.

Social Security Earnings and Employment

Nationally, in 1999, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 151.4 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance or OASDI) program. They earned \$3.7 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$464 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI Trust Funds.

In the **District of Columbia** in 1999, an estimated 363,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$10.16 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$1.26 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare Earnings and Employment

Nationally, in 1999, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 154.7 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance or HI) program. They earned \$4.6 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$134 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI Trust Fund.

In the **District of Columbia** in 1999, an estimated 377,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$14.68 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$426 million in Medicare taxes.



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Social Security Program

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when earnings stop or are reduced because the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker's retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker's level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker's benefit. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 65 (reduced benefits at 62) or to disabled workers at any age. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, a disability, or child care requirement.

Nationally, in December 2001 benefits were paid to 45,874,040 persons. This number included 28,841,850 retired workers, 5,024,520 widows and widowers, 5,265,190 disabled workers, 2,895,150 wives and husbands, and 3,847,330 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.7 percent of the total population and 91.2 percent of the population 65 or older.

Monthly benefits averaged \$874 for retired workers; \$820 for all widows and widowers (\$841 for nondisabled widows and widowers); \$815 for disabled workers; and \$430 for wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers. Average payments for children of deceased workers were \$570; for children of retired workers, \$414; and for children of disabled workers, \$239.

Monthly payments for December 2001 totaled \$36.5 billion. Of this amount, \$26.6 billion was paid to retired workers and their dependents; \$5.2 billion to survivors; and \$4.7 billion to disabled workers and their dependents. Average benefits and total monthly payments include the 2.6 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2001.

In **Maryland**, benefits were paid to 733,940 persons. This number included 480,880 retired workers; 77,710 widows and widowers; 73,930 disabled workers; 38,610 wives and husbands; and 62,810 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 13.7 percent of the total population of the state and 88.6 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Maryland received an average of \$880 per month; widows and widowers, \$835; disabled workers, \$851; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$453. Average payments for children were: \$447 for children of retired workers; \$580 for children of deceased workers; and \$263 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly payments in December 2001 totaled \$598 million. Of this amount, \$443 million was paid to retired workers and their dependents; \$87 million to survivors; and \$68 million to disabled workers and their dependents.

Supplemental Security Income Program

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2002, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$545, and for a couple, \$817.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2001, 6,688,489 persons received federally administered SSI payments

including 1,264,463 aged, and 5,424,026 who were disabled or blind. A total of 1,995,159 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,811,494 were 18 to 64, and 881,836 were under age 18.

The total number of persons receiving either a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 50,172,400. Federally administered payments totaled over \$2.8 billion in December 2001: \$2.5 billion in federal SSI payments, and \$302 million in state supplements. The average federally administered payment was \$394. The aged averaged \$314; disabled and blind, \$413.

In addition, 689,163 persons in 30 states received state-administered payments in December 2001, which totaled \$75 million.

In **Maryland**, 89,180 persons—15,601 aged, and 73,579 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2001. A total of 24,683 recipients were aged 65 or older, 50,782 between 18 and 64, and 13,715 under 18.

Federally administered SSI payments totaled \$37.6 million, of which all but \$1,408 was federal SSI. The average federal payment was \$379 overall, \$290 for aged recipients, and \$398 for those disabled and blind. In addition, 3,006 persons in Maryland received state-administered supplementation in December 2001, which totaled \$672,000.

In December 2001, the total number of persons in Maryland receiving either a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 796,895.

Social Security Earnings and Employment

Nationally, in 1999, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 151.4 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance or OASDI) program. They earned \$3.7 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$464 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI Trust Funds.

In **Maryland** in 1999, an estimated 2.94 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$83.61 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$10.37 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare Earnings and Employment

Nationally, in 1999, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 154.7 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance or HI) program. They earned \$4.6 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$134 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI Trust Fund.

In **Maryland** in 1999, an estimated 3.01 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$102.46 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$2.97 billion in Medicare taxes.



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Social Security Program

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when earnings stop or are reduced because the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker's retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker's level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker's benefit. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 65 (reduced benefits at 62) or to disabled workers at any age. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, a disability, or child care requirement.

Nationally, in December 2001 benefits were paid to 45,874,040 persons. This number included 28,841,850 retired workers, 5,024,520 widows and widowers, 5,265,190 disabled workers, 2,895,150 wives and husbands, and 3,847,330 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.7 percent of the total population and 91.2 percent of the population 65 or older.

Monthly benefits averaged \$874 for retired workers; \$820 for all widows and widowers (\$841 for nondisabled widows and widowers); \$815 for disabled workers; and \$430 for wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers. Average payments for children of deceased workers were \$570; for children of retired workers, \$414; and for children of disabled workers, \$239.

Monthly payments for December 2001 totaled \$36.5 billion. Of this amount, \$26.6 billion was paid to retired workers and their dependents; \$5.2 billion to survivors; and \$4.7 billion to disabled workers and their dependents. Average benefits and total monthly payments include the 2.6 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2001.

In **Pennsylvania**, benefits were paid to 2,365,850 persons. This number included 1,545,510 retired workers; 283,180 widows and widowers; 229,190 disabled workers; 146,220 wives and husbands; and 161,750 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 19.2 percent of the total population of the state and 93.6 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Pennsylvania received an average of \$899 per month; widows and widowers, \$867; disabled workers, \$831; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$459. Average payments for children were: \$453 for children of retired workers; \$599 for children of deceased workers; and \$235 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly payments in December 2001 totaled \$2.0 billion. Of this amount, \$1.5 billion was paid to retired workers and their dependents; \$294 million to survivors; and \$206 million to disabled workers and their dependents.

Supplemental Security Income Program

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2002, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$545, and for a couple, \$817.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2001, 6,688,489 persons received federally administered SSI payments including 1,264,463 aged, and 5,424,026 who were disabled or blind. A total of 1,995,159 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,811,494 were 18 to 64, and 881,836 were under age 18.

The total number of persons receiving either a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 50,172,400. Federally administered payments totaled over \$2.8 billion in December 2001: \$2.5 billion in federal SSI payments, and \$302 million in state supplements. The average federally administered payment was \$394. The aged averaged \$314; disabled and blind, \$413.

In addition, 689,163 persons in 30 states received state-administered payments in December 2001, which totaled \$75 million.

In **Pennsylvania**, 294,467 persons—35,239 aged, and 259,228 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2001. A total of 64,511 recipients were aged 65 or older, 185,980 between 18 and 64, and 43,976 under 18.

Federally administered SSI payments totaled \$130.8 million, of which \$118.3 million was federal SSI and \$12.5 million, state supplementation. The average federally administered payment was \$408 overall, \$269 for aged recipients, and \$427 for those disabled and blind.

In December 2001, the total number of persons in Pennsylvania receiving either a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 2,566,031.

Social Security Earnings and Employment

Nationally, in 1999, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 151.4 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance or OASDI) program. They earned \$3.7 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$464 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI Trust Funds.

In **Pennsylvania** in 1999, an estimated 6.66 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$168.00 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$20.83 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare Earnings and Employment

Nationally, in 1999, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 154.7 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance or HI) program. They earned \$4.6 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$134 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI Trust Fund.

In **Pennsylvania** in 1999, an estimated 6.72 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$198.65 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$5.76 billion in Medicare taxes.



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Social Security Program

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when earnings stop or are reduced because the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker's retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker's level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker's benefit. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 65 (reduced benefits at 62) or to disabled workers at any age. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, a disability, or child care requirement.

Nationally, in December 2001 benefits were paid to 45,874,040 persons. This number included 28,841,850 retired workers, 5,024,520 widows and widowers, 5,265,190 disabled workers, 2,895,150 wives and husbands, and 3,847,330 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.7 percent of the total population and 91.2 percent of the population 65 or older.

Monthly benefits averaged \$874 for retired workers; \$820 for all widows and widowers (\$841 for nondisabled widows and widowers); \$815 for disabled workers; and \$430 for wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers. Average payments for children of deceased workers were \$570; for children of retired workers, \$414; and for children of disabled workers, \$239.

Monthly payments for December 2001 totaled \$36.5 billion. Of this amount, \$26.6 billion was paid to retired workers and their dependents; \$5.2 billion to survivors; and \$4.7 billion to disabled workers and their dependents. Average benefits and total monthly payments include the 2.6 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2001.

In **Virginia**, benefits were paid to 1,053,340 persons. This number included 651,010 retired workers; 115,420 widows and widowers; 133,540 disabled workers; 62,120 wives and husbands; and 91,250 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 14.7 percent of the total population of the state and 91.2 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Virginia received an average of \$852 per month; widows and widowers, \$782; disabled workers, \$816; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$430. Average payments for children were: \$435 for children of retired workers; \$591 for children of deceased workers; and \$244 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly payments in December 2001 totaled \$820 million. Of this amount, \$584 million was paid to retired workers and their dependents; \$117 million to survivors; and \$119 million to disabled workers and their dependents.

Supplemental Security Income Program

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2002, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$545, and for a couple, \$817.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2001, 6,688,489 persons received federally administered SSI payments

including 1,264,463 aged, and 5,424,026 who were disabled or blind. A total of 1,995,159 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,811,494 were 18 to 64, and 881,836 were under age 18.

The total number of persons receiving either a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 50,172,400. Federally administered payments totaled over \$2.8 billion in December 2001: \$2.5 billion in federal SSI payments, and \$302 million in state supplements. The average federally administered payment was \$394. The aged averaged \$314; disabled and blind, \$413.

In addition, 689,163 persons in 30 states received state-administered payments in December 2001, which totaled \$75 million.

In **Virginia**, 132,808 persons—23,834 aged, and 108,974 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2001. A total of 38,460 recipients were aged 65 or older, 74,555 between 18 and 64, and 19,793 under 18.

Federal SSI payments totaled \$49.2 million. The average federal payment was \$344 overall, \$241 for aged recipients, and \$367 for those disabled and blind. In addition, 6,813 persons in Virginia received state-administered supplementation in December 2001, which totaled \$1.6 million.

In December 2001, the total number of persons in Virginia receiving either a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 1,135,155.

Social Security Earnings and Employment

Nationally, in 1999, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 151.4 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance or OASDI) program. They earned \$3.7 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$464 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI Trust Funds.

In **Virginia** in 1999, an estimated 3.95 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$104.77 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$12.99 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare Earnings and Employment

Nationally, in 1999, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 154.7 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance or HI) program. They earned \$4.6 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$134 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI Trust Fund.

In **Virginia** in 1999, an estimated 4.00 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$132.75 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$3.85 billion in Medicare taxes.



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Social Security Program

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when earnings stop or are reduced because the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker's retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker's level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker's benefit. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 65 (reduced benefits at 62) or to disabled workers at any age. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, a disability, or child care requirement.

Nationally, in December 2001 benefits were paid to 45,874,040 persons. This number included 28,841,850 retired workers, 5,024,520 widows and widowers, 5,265,190 disabled workers, 2,895,150 wives and husbands, and 3,847,330 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.7 percent of the total population and 91.2 percent of the population 65 or older.

Monthly benefits averaged \$874 for retired workers; \$820 for all widows and widowers (\$841 for nondisabled widows and widowers); \$815 for disabled workers; and \$430 for wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers. Average payments for children of deceased workers were \$570; for children of retired workers, \$414; and for children of disabled workers, \$239.

Monthly payments for December 2001 totaled \$36.5 billion. Of this amount, \$26.6 billion was paid to retired workers and their dependents; \$5.2 billion to survivors; and \$4.7 billion to disabled workers and their dependents. Average benefits and total monthly payments include the 2.6 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2001.

In **West Virginia**, benefits were paid to 394,510 persons. This number included 201,500 retired workers; 58,860 widows and widowers; 64,210 disabled workers; 33,140 wives and husbands; and 36,800 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 22.0 percent of the total population of the state and 93.2 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in West Virginia received an average of \$862 per month; widows and widowers, \$786; disabled workers, \$859; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$411. Average payments for children were: \$412 for children of retired workers; \$568 for children of deceased workers; and \$253 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly payments in December 2001 totaled \$304 million. Of this amount, \$188 million was paid to retired workers and their dependents; \$55 million to survivors; and \$60 million to disabled workers and their dependents.

Supplemental Security Income Program

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2002, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$545, and for a couple, \$817.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2001, 6,688,489 persons received federally administered SSI payments including 1,264,463 aged, and 5,424,026 who were disabled or blind. A total of 1,995,159 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,811,494 were 18 to 64, and 881,836 were under age 18.

The total number of persons receiving either a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 50,172,400. Federally administered payments totaled over \$2.8 billion in December 2001: \$2.5 billion in federal SSI payments, and \$302 million in state supplements. The average federally administered payment was \$394. The aged averaged \$314; disabled and blind, \$413.

In addition, 689,163 persons in 30 states received state-administered payments in December 2001, which totaled \$75 million.

In **West Virginia**, 72,953 persons—5,232 aged, and 67,721 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2001. A total of 12,890 recipients were aged 65 or older, 52,365 between 18 and 64, and 7,698 under 18.

Federal SSI payments totaled \$29.8 million. The average federal payment was \$373 overall, \$173 for aged recipients, and \$389 for those disabled and blind.

In December 2001, the total number of persons in West Virginia receiving either a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 443,723.

Social Security Earnings and Employment

Nationally, in 1999, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 151.4 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance or OASDI) program. They earned \$3.7 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$464 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI Trust Funds.

In **West Virginia** in 1999, an estimated 860,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$17.94 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$2.22 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare Earnings and Employment

Nationally, in 1999, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 154.7 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance or HI) program. They earned \$4.6 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$134 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI Trust Fund.

In **West Virginia** in 1999, an estimated 870,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$19.75 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$573 million in Medicare taxes.



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